#### GENERAL INFORMATION

A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Austin Hobbs Institutional Research Assistant Office of Accountability 2601 W. Avenue N, San Angelo, TX 76909 Phone: (325) 942-2259 Fax: (325) 942-2200 E-mail Address: accountability@angelo.edu
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site?  Yes  No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
	http://www.angelo.edu/services/accountability/research_data.php
A1.	Address Information Angelo State University 2601 W. Avenue N San Angelo, Texas 76909 1-800-946-8627 www.angelo.edu Admissions Phone Number: (325) 942-2041 Admissions Toll-free Number: 1-800-946-8627 Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country:  ASU Station #11014, San Angelo, TX 76909-1014 Admissions Fax Number: 325-942-2078 Admissions E-mail Address: admissions@angelo.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: www.applytexas.org
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	<ul><li>☑ Public</li><li>☐ Private (nonprofit)</li><li>☐ Proprietary</li></ul>
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	<ul> <li></li></ul>
<b>A4.</b> .	Academic year calendar
	<ul> <li>Semester  ☐ 4-1-4</li> <li>Quarter  ☐ Continuous</li> <li>Trimester  ☐ Differs by program (describe):</li> <li>☐ Other (describe):</li> </ul>

A5.	<b>Degrees</b>	offered	by you	r institution

	Postbachelor's certificate
☐ Diploma	☐ Master's
☐ Associate	Post-master's certificate
☐ Transfer	Doctoral degree
	research/scholarship
☐ Terminal	Doctoral degree –
	professional practice
⊠ Bachelor's	Doctoral degree – other

#### **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2018. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART	T-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	629	782	8	9
Other first-year, degree- seeking	32	76	1	1
All other degree-seeking	1770	2157	257	314
Total degree-seeking	2431	3015	266	324
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	16	37	1043	1620
Total undergraduates	2447	3052	1309	1944
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	85	254	82	161
All other degree-seeking	141	268	212	425
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	2	2	3
Total graduate	226	524	296	589

Total all undergraduates: 8752

Total all graduate: <u>1635</u>

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 10387

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2018. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	39	229	229
Hispanic/Latino	643	2214	3155
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	109	444	504
White, non-Hispanic	673	2858	4412
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	6	30	35
Asian, non-Hispanic	9	49	130
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	3	12	16
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	55	194	265
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	1	6	6
Total	1538	6036	8752

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2018.

Certificate/diploma	<u>117</u>
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	985
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	543
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	27
Doctoral degrees – other	

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2018-19 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2011 and Fall 2012 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant\*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

\*Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort if available. If Fall 2012 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2011 cohort.

#### Fall 2011 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2011 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-	711	200	498	1409
seeking undergraduate students				(formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	0	1	0	(formerly B5)
C - Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for	711	199	498	1408
allowable exclusions				(formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2015)	127	31	194	352 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	58	23	39	120 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2016 and by Aug. 31, 2017)	22	6	15	43 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	207	60	248	515 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2011 cohort (G divided by C)	29.11%	30.15%	49.80%	36.55% (formerly B11)

#### Common Data Set 2018-2019 Fall 2012 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2012 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-	634	193	544	1371
seeking undergraduate students				(formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions;	0	0	0	0
total allowable exclusions				(formerly B5)
C - Final 2012 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	634	193	544	1371 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2016)	90	30	162	282 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2016 and by Aug. 31, 2017)	76	21	57	154 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2017 and by Aug. 31, 2018)	16	3	15	34 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	182	54	234	470 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2012 cohort (G divided by C)	28.71%	27.98%	43.01%	34.28% (formerly B11)

#### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2017 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2017 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2018? 66.9 %

#### Common Data Set 2018-2019 C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applie were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2018. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studenting summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.	idies i for on,
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied  Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied  2419	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted  Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted  1252 1783	
Total full-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled $\underline{8}$	
Total full-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled  282 9	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent of space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?   Yes No If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2018 admissions:	n
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list  Number accepting a place on the waiting list  Number of wait-listed students admitted	
Is your waiting list ranked?  If yes, do you release that information to students?  Do you release that information to school counselors?	
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?	
☐ Require ☐ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		26
English		4
Mathematics		4
Science		4
Of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language		2
Social studies		3.5
History		
Academic electives		5.5
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		1
Other (specify)		2

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Basis for Selection	
C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency	y
diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:	<u>O</u>
Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	
,	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degreeseeking (freshman) admission decisions.

seeking (resiman) admission decisions	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest				

#### **SAT and ACT Policies**

A. Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in <b>admission</b> decisions for first-time, first-year seeking applicants? Yes No  If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for <b>Fall 2020.</b> Require Recommend Require for Consider If Not Used Some Submitted  SAT or ACT Some Submitted SAT only SAT only SAT only SAT only	, degree
Fall 2020.  Require Recommend Require for Consider If Not Used Some Submitted  SAT or ACT	
Require Recommend Require for Consider If Not Used  Some Submitted  SAT or ACT	
SAT or ACT	
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or	
ACT SAT Subject Tests	
B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for 2020 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissi process):	
ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommended X ACT with or without writing accepted	
If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fa please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the Essay score will be used in the admissions property of the SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommended SAT with or without ESSAY component accepted	
C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.	
SAT essay ACT essay	
For admission	
For placement	
For advising	
In place of an application essay	
As a validity check on the application essay	
No college policy as of now	
Not using essay component	
D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? yesno  E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission  Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	

F.	•	space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not dents):
G.	Please indicate which	h tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
	SAT	
	ACT	
	SAT Subject Tests	
	AP	
	CLEP	
	Institutional Exam	
	State Exam (specify	: TSI Assessment

#### Freshman Profile

Provide information for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2018, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

**C9.** Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2018 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. **Do** convert Old SAT scores to New SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile Score	75th Percentile Score
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	480	580
SAT Math	470	560
ACT Composite	18	24
ACT Math	17	24
ACT English	16	23
ACT Writing	-	-

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score	SAT Evidence-Based	SAT Math
Range	Reading and Writing	
700-800	2.32	3.31
600-699	18.12	9.72
500-599	46.08	51.49
400-499	32.27	32.38
300-399	1.22	3.09
200-299	0	0
	100%	100%

		0 0	u DCC =010 =017
Score Range	ACT	ACT English	ACT Math
	Composite		
30-36	5.53	7.61	2.92
24-29	19.71	15.95	23.36
18-23	52.97	39.21	44.32
12-17	21.69	34.93	29.41
6-11	0.1	2.29	0.0
Below 6	0.0	0.0	0.0
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating cl Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating cla Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	class 35 % ss 72 % class 28 % ting class 5 %		p half + bottom half = 100%. gh school class rank: 93 %
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, finaverages within each of the following ranges (collected high school GPA.			aman) students who had high school grade-point information only for those students from whom you
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100%		
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeki	ng, first-time, fii	rst-year	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) s <b>Admission Policies</b>	students who sub	mitted hi	gh school GPA:%
C13. Application fee			
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$35		☑ Yes	□ No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial ne	eed?	Yes	□No
If you have an application fee and an on-line appl Same fee: $\underline{X}$	ication option, p	lease inc	licate policy for students who apply on-line:
Free: Reduced:			
Can an line application fee he waived for applica	nts with financia	l need?	Vac

C14. Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date?
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date): September 1  By (date): Other:
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter Other:  Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): Amount of housing deposit: Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full  Yes, in part  No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?  ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?   Yes  No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
<b>C21. Early decision:</b> Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date  First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2018 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution  Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan

<b>C22. Early action:</b> Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes         No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date  Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes ☐ No

# Common Data Set 2018-2019 D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

F	all	A	bi	oli	ca	n	ts

		A li a a d a	Admitted Amelian	man Emmalled Am	L'aanda		
	Men	Applicants 268	Admitted Applica 237	nts Enrolled Ap			
	Women	344	295	244			
	Total	612	532	441			
		for which trans					
	N / I I II	Winter	N/I a	Summer Summer			
				_	l or else must ap	oly as an entering fresh	hman?
I	Must a transfe	er applicant have No the minimum n	— 1 0	of credits completed		redit hours	hman?  Not require
I	Must a transfe X Yes D If yes, what is	er applicant have No the minimum n	a minimum number umber of credits and ransfer students to ap	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	redit hours  Required of	_
I	Must a transfe Yes 1 If yes, what is Indicate all ite High school	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t ol transcript unscript(s)	ransfer students to ap  Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	redit hours  Required of Some	_
I	Must a transfe  Yes 1  If yes, what is  Indicate all ite  High school  College tra  Essay or pe	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t	ransfer students to ap  Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	redit hours  Required of Some	Not require
I	Must a transfe  Yes 1  If yes, what is  Indicate all ite  High school  College tra  Essay or political	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t  ol transcript unscript(s) ersonal statemen	ransfer students to ap  Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	Required of Some	Not require
I	Must a transfe  Yes I  If yes, what is  Indicate all ite  High school  College tra  Essay or politicate  Interview  Standardiz	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores	Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	Required of Some X	Not require
I	Must a transfe  Yes I  If yes, what is  Indicate all ite  High school  College tra  Essay or politicate  Interview  Standardiz	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores	Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended	18 semester of Recommende	Required of Some	Not requ
I: <b>D5.</b> I:	Must a transfe Yes 1 If yes, what is Indicate all ite High school College tra Essay or pointerview Standardiz Statement from prior	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores of good standing institution(s)	Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended of All	Recommende of Some	Required of Some X	Not requir
D5. In D6. If	Must a transfe Yes 1 If yes, what is Indicate all ite High school College tra Essay or pointerview Standardiz Statement from prior	er applicant have No the minimum n ems required of t ol transcript inscript(s) ersonal statemen ed test scores of good standing institution(s)	Required of All	of credits completed the unit of measures oply for admission:  Recommended of All	Recommende of Some	Required of Some X	Not requi

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					X
Summer					X

	Spring					X
	Summer					X
<b>D10.</b> Do	es an open a	dmission policy, if re	eported, apply to trans	sfer students? Ye	s 🕅 No	

**D11**. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Applicants should have 2.0 GPA with 18 or more transferable semester credit hours completed. Students with fewer than 18 college-level hours must meet freshman admission requirements as well.

#### **Transfer Credit Policies**

**D12.** Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:

Students transferring course work from another college or university will receive credit hours for transferable hours, but the grades do not transfer. Effective fall 2016, transfer work must be a grade of "D" or above to qualify for credit toward degree requirements except in degrees that have specific grade requirements that apply to all students.

D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:  Number 66 Unit type SCH	
<b>D14</b> . Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:  Number N/A Unit type	
<b>D15.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	<u>N/A</u>
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	30 SCH

**D17.** Describe other transfer credit policies:

Developmental, technical, vocational courses non-transferable and not used for admission purposes. When a course has been repeated, the last grade stands and is used for GPA calculations. Maximum 66 hours from accredited two-year colleges allowed toward ASU degree. Associate degrees do not transfer to ASU, only the transferable credits. Minimum 30 credit hours must be taken in residence, including 24 semester credit hours of advanced work, to receive a bachelor's degree from ASU. No published deadlines for admission, but applicants should allow adequate time for advising and registration.

# Common Data Set 2018-2019 E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your in	stitution. Refer to the glossary fo	or definitions.
□ Double major           □ Student-de             □ Dual enrollment           □ Study abro	nt study s s/career combination esigned major oad ertification program	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete so	me course work prior to gradu	ation:
<ul> <li>Arts/fine arts</li> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>English (including composition)</li> <li>Foreign languages</li> <li>History</li> <li>Other (describe):</li> <li>Humanities</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Philosophy</li> <li>Sciences (biology</li> <li>Social science</li> </ul>	gical or physical)	
F. STUDENT	LIFE	
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking s Fall 2018 who fit the following categories:	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	dergraduates enrolled in Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresiden aliens from the numerator and denominator) Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	2.1 % 3.3 % 5.5 %	3.2 % 5.7 % 4.3 % 34.2 % 65.8 % 10.7 % 21.2 21.7

# Common Data Set 2018-2019 F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

⊠ Cho ⊠ Cor ⊠ Dar ⊠ Dra ⊠ Inte	ma/theater ernational Student ganization	□ Literary magaz     □ Marching band     □ Model UN     □ Music ensemble     □ Musical theater     □ Opera     □ Pep band	es [	Radio station Student government Student newspaper Student-run film society Symphony orchestra Television station  Yearbook	
<b>F3. ROTC</b> (1	program offered in c	cooperation with Res	serve Offic	eers' Training Corps)	
Army RC	OTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating ins	titution (name):			
Naval RC	OTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating ins	titution (name):			
	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating ins	titution (name):			
F4. Housing	: Check all types of	college-owned, -ope	erated, or -	affiliated housing available for undergraduates at y	your institution
	Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for ma Apartments for sir	arried students agle students	Specia Fraterr Coope Theme	I housing for disabled students I housing for international students hity/sorority housing rative housing housing ess housing	

#### Common Data Set 2018-2019 G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

# 

Prov	ide 2019-2020 academic year costs of a	attendance for the following	g categories that a	re applicable to	o your institution.
	Check here if your institution's 2019-202 approximate date (i.e., month/day) when				
I a r t	Undergraduate full-time tuition, requi List the typical tuition, required fees, and academic year (30 semester hours or 45 of number of credits). A full academic year to two semesters, two trimesters, three quality double occupancy and 19 meals per week students must pay that are <i>not</i> included in parking, laboratory use).	room and board for a full-tinguarter hours for institutions refers to the period of time guarters, or the period covered to or the maximum meal plan.	that derive annual t enerally extending by a four-one-four <b>Required fees</b> inc	uition by multip from Septembe plan. Room an lude only charg	olying credit hour cost by r to June; usually equated d board is defined as es that all full-time
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRA	ADUATES	
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:				
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	5415	541	5	
	In-state (out-of-district):	5415	541	5	
	Out-of-state:	18075	1807	75	
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	18075	1807	75	
	REQUIRED FEES:	3306	330	6	
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)  ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)  BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	9130	913	0	
	Comprehensive tuition and room and b		not provide separat	e tuition and ro	om and board fees):
<b>G2.</b> I	Number of credits per term a student o	can take for the stated full-	time tuition	15 minimum	15 maximum
G3. I	Do tuition and fees vary by year of stud	dy (e.g., sophomore, junior	senior)?	Yes	⊠ No
G4. 1	Do tuition and fees vary by undergrad	uate instructional program	?	Yes	_ 🔀 No
If ve	s, what percentage of full-time underg	raduates pay more than the	e tuition and fees r	eported in G1	?

#### G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1200	1200	1200
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			9130
Transportation:	1800	1800	1800
Other expenses:	1480	1480	1480

#### **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	181
In-state (out-of-district):	181
Out-of-state:	601
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	601

#### Common Data Set 2018-2019 H. FINANCIAL AID

#### Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

#### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Private student loans**: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

#### Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2017-2018 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2017-2018 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for <b>items H1</b> , I  ☐ 2018-2019 estimated or ☐ 2017-2018 final	<b>12</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below:
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in award  X Federal methodology (FM)  Institutional methodology (IM)	ing institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
Both FM and IM	

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)  \$	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	18,314,937	3,758
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	16,689,055	24,749
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	131,164	15,733,349
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	0	1,021,316
Total Scholarships/Grants	35,135,156	16,783,172
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	22,003,863	51,788,764
Federal Work-Study	18,515,604	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	70,704	0
Total Self-Help	40,590,171	51,788,764
Parent Loans	0	28,992,897
Tuition Waivers	0	8,284,966
Athletic Awards	0	2,218,096

**H2.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	inic undergraduates.	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2018 cohort)	1,550	5,240	642
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who applied for need-based financial aid	1,414	4,246	430
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	1,127	3,566	367
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	1,121	3,530	352
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,014	3,156	322
f)	Number of students in line ${\bf d}$ who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	723	2,377	211
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	704	2,076	113
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> )	126	418	41
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	87%	81%	88%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$11006	\$10,925	\$8,430
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line <b>e</b>	\$3810	\$3,578	\$3,126
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$3508	\$3,867	\$4,355
m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3252	\$3,812	\$4,380

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	250	979	76
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line ${\bf n}$	\$3,076	\$3,501	\$2,320
p)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	71	287	8

q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$5,368	\$6,960	\$4,351

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- \* 2018 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018.
- \* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

#### Exclude:

- students who transferred in.
- \* money borrowed at other institutions.
- \* parent loans
- \* students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	301	57%	\$24,496
b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	295	56%	\$22,122
c) Institutional loan programs.	0	0%	\$0
d) State loan programs.	34	6%	\$15,588
e) Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	25	5%	\$14,634

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: <b>16</b>
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$ 80,116
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>✓ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>☐ International Student's Financial Aid Application</li> <li>☐ International Student's Certification of Finances</li> <li>☐ Other:</li> </ul>
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students  H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
<ul> <li>□ FAFSA</li> <li>□ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>□ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>□ State aid form</li> <li>□ Noncustodial PROFILE</li> <li>□ Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>□ Other:</li> </ul>
<b>H9.</b> Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: <u>April 1</u> Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): <u>X</u>
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a.) Students notified on or about (date):
b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: <u>Yes</u> If yes, starting date: <u>April 1</u>
H11. Indicate reply dates:

Stu	dents must reply by (date): or within 4 weeks of notification.
Types of	`Aid Available
<b>J1</b>	
Please ch	neck off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
<b>H12.</b> Los	ans
$\bowtie$	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
	Direct PLUS Loans
$\boxtimes$	Federal Perkins Loans
	Federal Nursing Loans
	State Loans Called Annier State Loans from institutional for de
Ä	College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
ш	Other (specify).
<b>H13.</b> Sch	nolarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED:
$\square$	Federal Pell

#### H

113. Sch	nolarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED:
$\boxtimes$	Federal Pell
	SEOG
$\boxtimes$	State scholarships/grants
$\boxtimes$	Private scholarships
$\boxtimes$	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
$\boxtimes$	Federal Nursing Scholarship
П	Other (specify):

### H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more
affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please
provide details below:

ASU's Carr Scholarship Program is only available at Angelo State University and is funded by one of the largest endowments at a regional university in the United States. Awards are based on students' standardized test scores and high school GPA.

### Common Data Set 2018-2019 I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

### I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2018. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

*Part-time instructional faculty:* Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Common Data Set 2010 2019						
	<b>Full-time</b>	Part-time	Total				
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	307	128	435				
b.) Total number who are members of	52	15	67				
minority groups							
c.) Total number who are women	146	84	230				
d.) Total number who are men	161	44	205				
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens	0	0	0				
(international)							
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other	235	23	258				
terminal degree							
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a	72	103	175				
master's but not a terminal master's							
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a	0	2	2				
bachelor's							
i.) Total number whose highest degree is	0	0	0				
unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and							
i must sum up to item a.)							
j.) Total number in stand-alone	10	2	12				
graduate/professional programs in which							
faculty teach virtually only graduate-level							
students							

#### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2018 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2017 Student to Faculty ratio: <u>20</u> to 1 (based on <u>6625</u> students and <u>339</u> faculty).

(672 + 5448) + 1/3(885 + 631) = 6625 1/3

Excluding Dual Credit (51 FT, 2622 PT)

Excluding DPT (78 FT, 0 PT)

#### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2018 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

*Class Subsections:* A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2018. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	67	161	311	150	72	64	5	830
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	32	25	7	4	1	1	1	71

#### J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

#### Degrees conferred between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2<sup>nd</sup> major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1<sup>st</sup> majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture	-		5.99	1
Natural resources and	-		0.61	3
conservation				
Architecture	-		-	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies	-		-	5
Communication/journalism	1.71		4.47	9
Communication technologies	-		-	10
Computer and information	23.93		4.06	11
sciences				
Personal and culinary services	-		-	12
Education	32.48		-	13
Engineering	-		-	14
Engineering technologies	-		-	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and	-		0.2	16
linguistics				
Family and consumer sciences	-		-	19
Law/legal studies	-		-	22
English	2.56		2.44	23
Liberal arts/general studies	-		-	24
Library science	-		-	25
Biological/life sciences	-		4.16	26
Mathematics and statistics	-		0.81	27
Military science and military	-		-	28 and 29
technologies				
Interdisciplinary studies	-		11.68	30
Parks and recreation	1.71		9.14	31
Philosophy and religious studies	-		-	38
Theology and religious vocations	-		-	39
Physical sciences	-		3.96	40
Science technologies	-		-	41
Psychology	23.08		7.92	42
Homeland Security, law	11.11		5.78	43
enforcement, firefighting, and				
protective services				
Public administration and social	-		3.25	44
services				
Social sciences	0.85		3.66	45
Construction trades	-		-	46
Mechanic and repair technologies	-		-	47
Precision production	-		-	48

Transportation and materials	-		-	49
moving				
Visual and performing arts	-		2.64	50
Health professions and related	2.56		9.24	51
programs				
Business/marketing	-		16.65	52
History	-		3.35	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska Native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

**Black or African American**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

**Campus Ministry:** Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative education program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a

school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctor's degree-research/scholarship**: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-professional practice**: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-other**: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average** (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic or Latino:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**International student group:** Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree**: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- \*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- \*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

### **Common Data Set 2018-2019 Financial Aid Definitions**

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.