SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2009-2010

The items listed below are shaded in yellow throughout the spreadsheet's worksheets.

CHANGED ITEMS

First professional: removing references to the first professional degrees throughout the CDS, since this nomenclature is no longer relevant.

Question A5: "Degrees offered" will allow colleges to indicate if they offer a doctoral/research; doctoral/professional; or doctoral other. First professional and first professional certificate categories will be eliminated.

Question B1: First professional enrollment will be captured in "graduate" enrollment. The categories of First-time, first-professional students, all other first-professionals, and total first-professional are being eliminated and rolled into the graduate section.

Question B3: "Number of degrees awarded" will drop the categories of first professional degrees and first professional certificates and change the doctoral category to: Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship, Doctoral degrees – professional practice, and Doctoral degrees – other.

Question I1f: "Instructional faculty" - eliminating first professional from question F.

Indebtedness: clarification to questions H5 and H5A. Changing "undergraduate indebtedness" to read "undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed"

Changing H5 from:

Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4.

To:

Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.

Changing H5a from:

Report the average per-borrower cumulative <u>undergraduate indebtedness</u> through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.

To:

Report the average per-<u>undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed</u>, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.

	A. General Information				
A0	Respondent Information (Not for Publication)				
A0	Name:				
A0	Title:				
A0	Office:				
A0	Mailing Address:				
A0	City/State/Zip/Country:				
A0	Phone:				
A0	Fax:				
A0	E-mail Address: Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's \(\)	Nob sito?	Yes	1	No
A0	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institutions to	Web site:	163	+	INU
A0	If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:			Į	
A0A	We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot be a controlled to the controlled to th	not use the requested			
	analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose				
	about which you have questions or comments in general. This information	will not be published but			
	will help the publishers further refine CDS items.				
A1	Address Information				
A 1	Name of College/University:				
A1	Mailing Address:				
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:				
A1	Street Address (if different):				
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:				
A1	Main Phone Number: WWW Home Page Address:				
A1 A1	Admissions Phone Number:				
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:				
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:				
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:				
A1	Admissions Fax Number:				
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:				
A 1	If there is a separate URL for your				
	school's online application, please				
	specify: If you have a mailing address other				
A1	than the above to which				
	applications should be sent, please				
	provide:				
A2					
A2					
A2	Proprietary				
А3	Classify your undergraduate institution:				
	Women's college				
					
A4	Academic year calendar:				
A4	Semester				
A4	Quarter				
A4 A4	Trimester 4-1-4				
A4	Continuous				
A4	Differs by program (describe):				
A4	Other (describe):				
	Degrees offered by your institution:				
A5	Certificate				
A5 A5	Diploma				
A5	Associate				
A5	Transfer Associate				
A5	Terminal Associate				
A5	Bachelor's				
A5	Postbachelor's certificate				
A5	Master's				
A5	Post-master's certificate				
A5	Doctoral degree				

Doctoral degree –
professional practice
Doctoral degree -- other

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2009. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULI	L-TIME	PART	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B 1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	644	779	22	29
B 1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	295	265	48	67
B 1	All other degree-seeking	1,271	1,606	278	421
B 1	Total degree-seeking	2,210	2,650	348	517
B 1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	19	20	40	55
B 1	Total undergraduates	2,229	2,670	388	572
B 1	Graduate				
B 1	Degree-seeking, first-time	30	64	33	78
B 1	All other degree-seeking	49	76	69	112
B 1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	0	0	11	6
B1	Total graduate	79	140	113	196
B1	Total all undergraduates	-	-		5,859
B1	Total all graduate				528
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				6,387

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2009. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	1	48	52
B2	Black, non-Hispanic	156	313	471
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native	13	23	36
B2	Asian or Pacific Islander	26	73	106
B2	Hispanic	407	1,049	1,469
B2	White, non-Hispanic	870	2,808	3,722
B2	Race/ethnicity unknown	1	1	3
B2	TOTAL	1,474	4,315	5,859

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009

B3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	100
B3	Bachelor's degrees	791
B 3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B 3	Master's degrees	167
B 3	Post-Master's certificates	
B 3	Doctoral degrees –	
	research/scholarship	
B 3	Doctoral degrees – professional	
	practice	
B 3	Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2003 cohort if available. If fall 2003 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2002 cohort.

Fall 2003 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2003. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2003.

B4	Initial 2003 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	758
B5	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
	First 2000 and a first of the all and the address of a literature of the BE from	0
В6	Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	758
B7	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	730
٥.	August 31, 2007):	158
В8	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years	100
	but in five years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008):	104
B9	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but	
	in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	46
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	
		308
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2003 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	41%

Fall 2002 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2002. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2002.

B4	Initial 2002 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	1,192
B5	Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	0
ь	question B4)	1,192
B7	Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2006):	
		203
B8	Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007):	140
В9	Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008):	
	in six years or less (after August 51, 2007 and by August 51, 2000).	51
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	
		394
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2002 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	33%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2006 cohort if available. If 2006 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2005 cohort.

2006 Cohort

B12	Initial 2006 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
	Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
	Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	

Common Data Set 2008-09

	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2005 Cohort

B12	Initial 2005 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	
B14	Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from	
	question B12):	0
D45	Completely of an appropriate they they true completely (tetal).	U
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
	normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
БІЭ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B20		
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2008 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2008 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2009?	59%
		J3

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2009. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1260
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1660

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1148
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1526

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	645
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	22

C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	778
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	29

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No	
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?			
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2009 admissions:			
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list			
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list			
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted			

C2 Is your waiting list ranked?

- **C2** If yes, do you release that information to students?
- **C2** Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

	g coco. cop.cccqcc	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units		

C5	English
C5	Mathematics
C5	Science
C5	Of these, units that must be
	lab
C5	Foreign language
C5	Social studies
C5	History
C5	Academic electives
C5	Computer Science
C5	Visual/Performing Arts
C5	Other (specify)

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, firstyear, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic				
C7	Rigor of secondary school				
	record				
C7	Class rank				
C7	Academic GPA				
C7	Standardized test scores				
C7	Application Essay				
C7	Recommendation(s)				
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				
C7	Extracurricular activities				
C7	Talent/ability				
C7	Character/personal qualities				
C7	First generation				
C7	Alumni/ae relation				
C7	Geographical residence				
C7	State residency				
C7	Religious				
	affiliation/commitment				
C7	Racial/ethnic status				
C7	Volunteer work				
C7	Work experience				
C7	Level of applicant's interest				

SAT and ACT Policies

C8

Entrance exams		
	Yes	No

C8A	Does your institution make use of		•			
	scores in admission decisions for	first-time, first-ye	ear, degree-seeking			
	applicants?					<u></u>
C8A	If yes, place check marks in the a	appropriate boxes	s below to reflect you	ur institution's polici	ies for use in	
004	admission for Fall 2011.					
C8A		Poguiro	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider if	Not Used
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Submitted	Not Used
C8A	SAT or ACT				Guamma	
	ACT only					
	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
	ACT					
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only					
C8B	If your institution will make use of					
	for Fall 2010, please indicate whi	ch ONE of the fo	llowing applies: (reg	ardless of whether	the writing score	will be used
000	in the admissions process):	المعانية				
C8B	ACT with Writing Component req	uirea				
	ACT with Writing component reco					
C8B	ACT with or without Writing comp	onent accepted				
		6				
	Please indicate how your institut	ion will use the S	A For ACT writing o			7
C8C				SAT essay	ACT essay	4
	For admission					4
	For placement					4
	For advising					4
	In place of an application essay					4
C8C	As a validity check on the					
	application essay					4
	No college policy as of now					_
C8C	Not using essay component					
COD	In addition, does your institution	uaa annliaantal te	ant names for anada	omio adviaina?		
C8D		Yes	No	niic advising? 1		
COD		162	INU	_		
C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT	scores must be	received for fall-			
	Latest date by which SAT Subject					
	fall-term admission					
				•		
C8F	If necessary, use this space to cla	arify your test pol	icies (e.g., if tests ar	re recommended fo	or some students,	
C8F						
	Please indicate which tests your insti	tution uses for plac	cement (e.g., state test	ts):		
C8G	SAT					
C8G	ACT		+			
	SAT Subject Tests					
C8G						
	CLEP			-	•	
C8G	Institutional Exam					
C8G	State Exam (specify):					

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2009, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2009 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	62% Number submitting SAT scores	859
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	67% Number submitting ACT scores	918

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	410	520
C9	SAT Math	430	540
	SAT Writing	400	510
	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	18	23
C9	ACT Math	18	24
C9	ACT English	18	24
C9	ACT Writing		

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT Critical		
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	0.93%	0.47%	0.00%
C9	600-699	6.29%	8.03%	7.11%
C9	500-599	25.61%	35.74%	22.67%
C9	400-499	50.52%	45.29%	47.56%
C9	300-399	15.83%	10.48%	22.67%
C9	200-299	0.81%	0.00%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	99.99%	100.01%	100.01%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	1.53%	2.83%	2.51%
C9	24-29	19.50%	16.56%	24.62%
C9	18-23	56.75%	45.21%	48.47%
C9	12-17	22.11%	32.35%	24.18%
C9	6-11	0.11%	3.05%	0.22%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	15%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	31%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	74%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	26%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	6%	

C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year	ır (freshmen) stud	dents who submitted h	nigh school	030/	
	class rank:				93%	
C11	Percentage of all enrolled, degree	s-eacking firet-tin	ne firet-vear (freehma	an) etudente who	had high school	
CII	grade-point averages within each					
	those students from whom you co			oj. Roport illioni	iditori orny tor	
C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and		1			
	Percent who had GPA between 3					
	Percent who had GPA between 3					
	Percent who had GPA between 3					
	Percent who had GPA between 2					
	Percent who had GPA between 2					
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1	.0 and 1.99				
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0					
	Totals should = 100%		0.00%			
C12	Average high school GPA of all d		rst-time, first-year			
	(freshman) students who submitte	ed GPA:				
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year	ır (freshman) stud	dents who			
· · -	submitted high school GPA:	(
	3		L			
	Admission Policies					
C13	Application Fee					
C13	7,66110411011100	Yes	No			
	Does your institution have an					
	application fee?					
C13	Amount of application fee:		<u> </u>			
C13		Yes	No			
C13	Can it be waived for applicants					
	with financial need?					
	If you have an application fee and	l an on-line applic	cation option,			
C13	Same fee:					
C13	Free:					
C13	Reduced:					
						
C13		Yes	No			
C13	Can on-line application fee be					
	waived for applicants with					
	financial need?					
C14	Application closing date					
C14	Application closing date	Yes	No			
	Does your institution have an	162	INU			
O 14	application closing date?					
C14	Application closing date (fall):					
	Priority date:		7			
J.7			_			
C15				Yes	No	
	Are first-time, first-year student	s accepted for t	erms other than		-	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning]		
	(date):		1		
	By (date):		4		
C16	Other:				
			J		
C17	Reply policy for admitted applie	cants (fill in one o	n(v)		
	Must reply by (date):	cants (IIII III One O	1"'y <i>)</i> 1		
	No set date:		†		
	Must reply by May 1 or within		†		
017	weeks if notified				
	thereafter				
C17	Other:		1		
• • •					
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM	1/DD):			
	Amount of housing deposit:	,			
	Refundable if student does not er	roll?		l	
C17	Yes, in full		1		
C17	Yes, in part		1		
C17	No		1		
			•		
C18	Deferred admission				
C18				Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow studer	its to postpone en	rollment after		
	admission?				
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:			
C19	Early admission of high school	students			
C19				Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so			Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu			Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so			Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu			Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu			Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu			Yes	No
C19 C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu		more before high	Yes (Initiated during 200	
C19 C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation?	udents one year o	more before high		
C19 C19	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation?	Question removed	more before high		
C19 C19 C20	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application	Question removed	more before high	(Initiated during 200	
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early Action	Question removed	r more before high		
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an earl	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (a)	from CDS.	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an earl that permits students to apply and	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an	from CDS. n admission plan admission	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the results.	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an gular notification of	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an gular notification caccepted) for first	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enrorms.	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at be notified of an gular notification caccepted) for first ollment?	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll fresh, please complete the following students to the following students to the following students of the following students o	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first billment? wing:	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll f "yes," please complete the follo First or only early decision plan of	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first oillment? wing: osing date	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an earl that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll first or only early decision plan of First or only early decision plan necession of the restriction of the restricti	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first billment? wing: osing date otification date	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an earl that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll first or only early decision plan of the early decision plan closing	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first billment? wing: osing date otification date date	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll fi "yes," please complete the follo First or only early decision plan of the early decision plan closing Other early decision plan notification.	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at de notification of accepted) for first sollment? wing: osing date otification date date ion date	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll fi "yes," please complete the follo First or only early decision plan of the early decision plan closing. Other early decision plan notificat For the Fall 2009 entering class	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first ollment? wing: osing date otification date date ion date	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks-time, first-year	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) sto school graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll first or only early decision plan of First or only early decision plan of Other early decision plan notificat For the Fall 2009 entering class Number of early decision applicated.	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (at be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first ollment? wing: osing date otification date date ion date ion seceived by y	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that askst-time, first-year	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
C19 C19 C20 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21 C21	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stuschool graduation? Common Application Early Decision and Early A Early Decision Does your institution offer an early that permits students to apply and decision well in advance of the restudents to commit to attending if (freshman) applicants for fall enroll fi "yes," please complete the follo First or only early decision plan of the early decision plan closing. Other early decision plan notificat For the Fall 2009 entering class	Question removed: Action Plans y decision plan (and be notified of an gular notification of accepted) for first sollment? wing: osing date otification date date ion date ions received by year	from CDS. n admission plan admission date and that asks time, first-year	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)

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C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?		
C22	If "yes," please complete the following:		
C22	Early action closing date		

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		

C22 Early action notification date

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

	Fall Applicants					
D1				Yes	No	
D1	Does your institution enroll	transfer students	? (If no,			
	please skip to Section E)					
D1	If yes, may transfer student	ts earn advanced	standing credit			
	by transferring credits earn					
	at other colleges/universitie	es?				
				•		
D2	Provide the number of stud	lents who applied	l, were admitted	, and enrolled a	s degree-seeking	transfer
	students in fall 2009.					
D2			Admitted	Enrolled	1	
		Applicants	Applicants	Applicants		
D2	Men	263	243	201	1	
D2	Women	338	325	271		
D2	Total	601	568	472		
D3 D3 D3 D3	Fall Winter Spring Summer					
D 4				V	NI.	
D4	Must a transfer applicant b			Yes	No	
D4	Must a transfer applicant had credits completed or else m					
	freshman?	iust apply as all	entening			
D 4	If yes, what is the minimum		40 00d 4b0			
D4	of measure?	i number of credi	is and the unit			
	or measure?			1	1	
D5	Indicate all items required of	of transfer studen	its to apply for a	dmission:		
D5	maioate an terrio regalica (Recommended	Recommended	D : 1 (0	
-0		Required of All	of All	of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript					
D5	College transcript(s)					
D5	Essay or personal					

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

statement

Standardized test scores

Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)

Interview

D5

D5 D5

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D7	If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):							
D8	List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:							
D9	List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.							
D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission		
D9	Fall							
D9 D9	Winter Spring							
D9	Summer							
		•	•					
D10	Dana an an an adminais an an	lia if namenta d		Yes	No			
D10	Does an open admission po transfer students?	licy, it reported,	apply to					
	transfer stadente.			1				
D11	Describe additional requiren	nents for transfe	er admission, if a	applicable:				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
	Transfer Credit Policie	es						
D12	Transfer Credit Polici Report the lowest grade ear		rse that may be					
D12	Transfer Credit Policie Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit:		rse that may be					
	Report the lowest grade ear		rse that may be					
D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit:	ned for any coul		Number	Unit Type			
D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits	ned for any coul			Unit Type			
D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit:	ned for any coul			Unit Type			
D13 D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year	or courses that	may be		Unit Type Unit Type			
D13 D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits	or courses that institution:	may be	Number				
D13 D13	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year	or courses that institution:	may be	Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year	or courses that institution:	may be	Number Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits	or courses that institution: or courses that institution:	may be may be ust complete at	Number Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits your institution to earn an as	or courses that institution: or courses that institution: that transfers messociate degree:	may be may be	Number Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits your institution to earn an as	or courses that institution: that transfers massociate degree:	may be may be	Number Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits your institution to earn an as	or courses that institution: that transfers massociate degree:	may be may be	Number Number				
D13 D13 D14 D14 D15	Report the lowest grade ear transferred for credit: Maximum number of credits transferred from a two-year Maximum number of credits transferred from a four-year Minimum number of credits your institution to earn an as	or courses that institution: that transfers mesociate degree: that transfers mesociate degree:	may be may be	Number Number				

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1	Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary
	for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	
E1	Double major	
E1	Dual enrollment	
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	
E1	Independent study	
E1	Internships	
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	
E1	Teacher certification program	
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course

work prior to graduation:

	WOIN PITOL to graduation.	
E 3	Arts/fine arts	
E 3	Computer literacy	
E 3	English (including composition)	
E 3	Foreign languages	
E 3	History	
E 3	Humanities	
E 3	Mathematics	
E 3	Philosophy	
E 3	Sciences (biological or physical)	
E 3	Social science	
E 3	Other (describe):	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2009 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	1%	3%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities		
F1	Percent of women who join sororities		
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing		
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute		
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	1%	21%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	22
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	23

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

	Activities choice lacining these	orogra
F2	Campus Ministries	
F2	Choral groups	
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	
F2	Drama/theater	
F2	International Student	
	Organization	
F2	Jazz band	
F2	Literary magazine	
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	
F2	Musical theater	
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	
F2	Student newspaper	
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:			
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:			

Common Data Set 2008-09

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	
F4	Men's dorms	
F4	Women's dorms	
F4	Apartments for married students	
F4	Apartments for single students	
F4	Special housing for disabled	
	students	
	0	
F4	Special housing for international	
F4	Special housing for international students	
F4 F4	,	
	students	
F4	students Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4 F4	students Fraternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing	
F4 F4 F4	students Fraternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing Theme housing	

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Check here if your institution's 2010-2011 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2010-2011 academic year

Provide 2010-2011 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

costs of attendance will be available:

G1	Undergraduate full-time tuition, rand room and board for a full-time semester or 45 quarter hours for in number of credits). A full academic to June; usually equated to two senone-four plan. Room and board is comeal plan. Required fees include of tuition (e.g., registration, health, or use).	undergraduate student for stitutions that derive and year refers to the period nesters, two trimesters, the defined as double occupancy charges that all full-ti	or the FULL 2010-2011 had tuition by multiplying dof time generally extenthree quarters, or the perancy and 19 meals per time students must pay the	academic year (30 g credit hour cost by ding from September eriod covered by a fourweek or the maximum hat are not included in
G1		First-Year	Undergraduates	1
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		Ğ	1
	Tuition:			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			1
	Tuition:			
	In-district			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			1
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			1
	Out-of-state:			
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS			
•	Tuition:			
G1	REQUIRED FEES:			1
				Ī
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:			
	(on-campus)			
G1	ROOM ONLY:			1
	(on-campus)			
G1	BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)			
				_
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room ar	nd board fee (if your		
	college cannot provide separate tui	tion and room and		
	board fees):			
				<u> </u>
G1	Other:			
G2			Minimum	Maximum

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Common Data Set 2008-09

	F			1
G2	Number of credits per term a studer	nt can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition			
G3			Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of s	tudy (e.g., sophomore,		
	junior, senior)?			
G4	If tuition and fees vary by undergrad	uate instructional progra	ım, describe briefly:	
G5	Provide the estimated expenses for	a typical full-time under		
G5		Residents	Commuters	Commuters
		rtooldonto	(living at home)	(not living at home)
	Books and supplies			
	Room only			
	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			
	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charge	ges (tuition only)		
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-district:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:			
			•	

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1**, "total degree-seeking" **undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2008-2009 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2008-2009 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid columns</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)**

H1		2009-2010	2008-2009
		estimated	final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		
H3 H3 H3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM)	nstitutional aid?	
Н3	Both FM and IM		
H1		Need-based \$	Non-need- based \$

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal		
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)		
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).		
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$0	\$0
H1	Self-Help		
	Self-Help Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study		
H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
H1 H1 H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
H1 H1 H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.) Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
H1 H1 H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1 H1 H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.) Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
H1 H1 H1 H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans) Federal Work-Study State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.) Total Self-Help Other	\$0	\$0

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2			First-time	Full-time	Less Than
			Full-time	Undergraduate	Full-time
			Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh.)	Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2009 cohort)			
		,			
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-			
		based financial aid			
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need			
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any			
		financial aid			
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any			
		need-based scholarship or grant aid			
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any			
	~/	need-based self-help aid Number of students in line d who were awarded any			
H2	g)	non-need-based scholarship or grant aid			
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met			
ПZ	l'''	(exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private			
		alternative loans)			
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of			
	ľ	students who were awarded any need-based aid.			
		Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as			
		well as any resources that were awarded to replace			
		EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private			
		alternative loans)			
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d .			
		Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace			
		EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			
H2		Average need-based scholarship and grant award of			
пZ	k)	those in line e			
H2	1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS			
	'	loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative			
		loans) of those in line f			
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans,			
		unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of			
		those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan			

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh.)	Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n			
H2A	 Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant 			
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 			

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2009 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009.

* only loans made to students who borrowed

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

Н4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
Н4а	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.	

^{*} co-signed loans.

^{*} money borrowed at other institutions.

Н5а	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrower	rrowed, of those		
	in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and			
	Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Fa			
	Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private			
	alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	, p		
	anomano idano ana excitado parem idano.			
	Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Alier	Se (Note: Benert	numbers and	
		is (Note: Neport	numbers and	
	dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)			
H6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and gr	ant aid for underg	raduate degree-	
	seeking nonresident aliens:			
H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available			
H6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available			
Н6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available			
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking	nonresident		
	aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresiden			
	were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	it dilono wno		
	were awarded freed-based or front-freed-based aid.			
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergrad	uate degree-		
	seeking nonresident aliens:			
H6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduat	e degree-		
	seeking nonresident aliens:			
H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid a	applicants must su	ıbmit:	
H7	Institution's own financial aid form			
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE			
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application			
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances			
H7	Other (specify):			
117	Outer (specify).			
	December 5: not Very/Freekman Ottoday(c			
	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students			
Н8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial a	aid applicants mus	st submit:	
Н8	FAFSA			
H8	Institution's own financial aid form			
H8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE			
H8	State aid form			
Н8	Noncustodial PROFILE			
Н8	Business/Farm Supplement			
Н8	Other (specify):			
Н9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:			
H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:			
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:			
	No deadline for filling required forms (applications processed on a			
Н9	, , , , , ,			
	rolling basis):			

H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	dents (answer a or	b):
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):		
H10		Yes	No
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:		
H10	If yes, starting date:		
H11	Indicate reply dates:		
H11	Students must reply by (date):		
H11	or within weeks of notification.		
	Types of Aid Available		
	Please check off all types of aid available to undergrad	duates at your insti	tution:
H12	Loans	•	
H12	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DI	RECT LOAN)	
H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	,	
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
H12	Direct PLUS Loans		
H12	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (I	FFEL)	
	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans		
H12	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans		
	Federal Perkins Loans		
H12	Federal Nursing Loans		
	State Loans		
	College/university loans from institutional funds		
H12	Other (specify):		
1140	Oakalanakina and Oranta		
	Scholarships and Grants NEED-BASED:		
H13	Federal Pell		
	SEOG		
	State scholarships/grants		
	Private scholarships		
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut	ional funds	
H13	United Negro College Fund	ional fando	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
H13	Other (specify):		
	(-1 3)	l	
H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Ch	eck all that apply.	
H14	<u> </u>	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics		
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics		
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership		

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H14	Minority status	
H14	Music/drama	
H14	Religious affiliation	
H14	State/district residency	

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2009. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	., Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coacl and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction ar may have faculty status	*	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander: or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

I1		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I 1	a) Total number of instructional faculty			
I 1	b) Total number who are members of minority groups			
I 1	c) Total number who are women			
I 1	d) Total number who are men			
I 1	e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)			
	f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
I1				

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	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal		
I 1		master's		
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's		
	i۱	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:		
I 1	')	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)		
	i۱	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in		
I 1	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students		

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2009 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2009 Student to Faculty ratio	19 to 1	(based on	5541 students
			and	285.8 faculty).

Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2009 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2009. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	72	171	327	158	73	72	8	881

13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	ıotai
13	SECTIONS	72	171	327	158	73	72	8	881
									-

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	63	90	124	21	0	4	0	302

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J. DEGREES CONFERRED

- J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2009
- J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture			0.0619	1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science			0.014	3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies				5
J1	Communications/journalism			0.0708	9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences				11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			0.0228	13
J1	Engineering				14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			0.019	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			0.0253	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies				24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			0.0442	26
J1	Mathematics			0.0139	27
J1	Military science and technologies				29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			0.1201	30
J1	Parks and recreation			0.134	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies				38
J1	Theology and religious vocations				39
J1	Physical sciences			0.0177	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			0.0746	42
J1	Security and protective services			0.0265	43
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1	Social sciences			0.0303	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts			0.0228	50
J1	Health professions and related sciences		1	0.0556	51
J1	Business/marketing			0.2314	52
	History			0.0177	54
J1	Other				
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	100.00%	100.26%	

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both preprofessional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.