A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Sarah M. Logan, PhD Assistant Vice President Institutional Research & Accountability 2601 W. Avenue N, San Angelo, Texas 76909 Phone: (325) 942-2259 Fax: (325) 942-2200 E-mail Address: sarah.logan@angelo.edu
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: http://www.angelo.edu/publications/institutional research/research data.html
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
A1.	Address Information Angelo State University 2601 W. Avenue N San Angelo, Texas 76909 1-800-946-8627 www.angelo.edu Admissions Phone Number: (325) 942-2041 Admissions Toll-free Number: 1-800-946-8627 Admissions Office Mailing Address: ASU Station #11014, San Angelo, TX 76909-1014 Admissions Fax Number: 325-942-2078 Admissions E-mail Address: admissions@angelo.edu If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: www.applytexas.org If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	☑ Public☐ Private (nonprofit)☐ Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	
A4.	Academic year calendar
	Semester □ 4-1-4 □ Quarter □ Continuous □ Trimester □ Differs by program (describe): □ Other (describe):

Certificate	Post bachel	or's certificate			
Diploma	Master's				
Associate	_	r's certificate			
Transfer	Doctoral de	egree			
_	research/schola				
Terminal	Doctoral de				
	professional pr	ractice			
⊠ Bachelor's	Doctoral de	egree other			
aal" in the graduate cells.					
		FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Womer	
Indergraduates					
Degree-seeking, first-time	638	785	18	14	
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen					
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen Other first-year, degree-	638 278	785 272	18 42	14 49	
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen Other first-year, degree-eeking					
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen Other first-year, degree-eeking All other degree-seeking	278	272	42	49	
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen Other first-year, degree-eeking All other degree-seeking Fotal degree-seeking	278 1479 2395	272 1721 2778	42 303 363	49 506 569	
Degree-seeking, first-time eeshmen Other first-year, degree-eeking Ill other degree-seeking Cotal degree-seeking Ill other undergraduates	278 1479	272 1721	303	49	
Degree-seeking, first-time reshmen Other first-year, degree- eeking All other degree-seeking	278 1479 2395	272 1721 2778	42 303 363	49 506 569	

Total all undergraduates: _626/	
Total all graduate:817	
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:7084	

Degree-seeking, first-time

All other degree-seeking

in credit courses

Total graduate

All other graduates enrolled

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking	Degree-seeking	Total
	First-time First year	Undergraduates	Undergraduates
	•	(include first-time	(both degree- and non-
		first-year)	degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	8	56	64
Hispanic	451	1670	1679
Black, non-Hispanic	136	453	589
White, non-Hispanic	802	3676	3699
American Indian or Alaska Native	6	38	44
Asian	11	86	87
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	3	4	4
Multi-racial	35	76	76
Race/ethnicity unknown	3	23	25
	1177	1000	

Total 1455 6082 6267

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	168
Bachelor's degrees	809
Post bachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	188
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2010 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Provide data for fall 2005 cohort if available. If fall 2005 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2004 cohort.

Fall 2004 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2004.

В4.	Initial 2004 coh	ort of first-time, full-time bachelor's
(or e	quivalent) degre	e-seeking undergraduate students;
total	all students:	1194

Fall 2005 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2005. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2005.

B4.	Initial 2005 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's
(or e	quivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students;
total	all students: 1242

B5. Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B5. Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: _
B6. Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1194 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	B6. Final 2005 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:1242 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2007):198	B7. Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008):198
B8 . Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):117	B8 . Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):125
B9. Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009): 61	B9. Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010): 62
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):376	B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):385
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):31.5 %	B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2005 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):31.0%
in fall 2010 (or the preceding summer term). The initial coho	r equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered ort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official hould be made.
B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) institution as freshmen in fall 2010 (or the preceding su of the date your institution calculates its official enrolln	mmer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as
	AR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION
who began studies during summer in this cohort. Application for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actions are sufficiently actions are sufficiently actions.)	in fall 2011. Include early decision, early action, and students ants should include only students who fulfilled the requirements ionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1874 ed2653
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were adr Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who	

Total part-time, first-time, first-year (f C2. Freshman wait-listed students (stud contingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing stude If yes, please answer the questions bel	ents who met admission on a waiting list?	nrolled14 n requirements but who ☐ Yes ⊠ No	ose final admission was
Number of qualified applicants offered Number accepting a place on the waiti Number of wait-listed students admitte	ing list		
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information Do you release that information to sel			
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirements Check the appropriate box to identify High school diploma is required a High school diploma is required a High school diploma or equivaler C4. Does your institution require or recommend Require Recommend Neither require nor recommend	your high school compl and GED is accepted and GED is not accepted at is not required	I	
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommen	nded of all or most degre	ee-seeking students using	Carnegie units (one unit equals
C5. Distribution of high school units req	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommen	nded of all or most degre	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, p	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recomment one year of study or its equivalent). If	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, I Units Recommended	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommendate one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, pure units Recommended 26	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, pure units Recommended 26 4	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ce-seeking students using tem for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommendate one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommendate one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2 3.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ce-seeking students using tem for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives Computer Science	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ce-seeking students using tem for calculating units, pure the units recommended 26 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5.5 5.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives Computer Science Visual/Performing Arts	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ee-seeking students using em for calculating units, p Units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2 3.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives Computer Science Visual/Performing Arts Other (specify)	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2 3.5 5.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommendation one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives Computer Science Visual/Performing Arts Other (specify) Economics	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	ce-seeking students using tem for calculating units, pure units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2 3.5 5.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.
C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommer one year of study or its equivalent). If Total academic units English Mathematics Science Of these, units that must be lab Foreign language Social studies History Academic electives Computer Science Visual/Performing Arts Other (specify)	nded of all or most degre you use a different syste	units Recommended 26 4 4 4 2 3.5 5.5	g Carnegie units (one unit equals blease convert.

ally all secondary school graduates or students with GED emic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check
uts, but
emic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, ch

selective admission to some programs other (explain) C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year,					
degree-seeking (freshman) admi				010 111 9 0111 11100 0	,
	Ver	y Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation					
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest					
SAT and ACT Policies C8. Entrance exams A. Does your institution make use of S	AT ACT or	SAT Subject 1	Fest scores in admi s	s sion decisions for	first-time first-year
degree-seeking applicants? Ye		Stri Subject i	eest scores in admis	ssion decisions for	mst time, mst year,
If yes, place check marks in the approp Fall 2011.	oriate boxes b	elow to reflect	your institution's po	olicies for use in a	dmission for
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					
B. If your institution will make use of t fall 2011, please indicate which ONE of admissions process):					
ACT with Writing component request. ACT with Writing component reco	ommended	ted			

C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply.

	SAT essay	ACT essay
For admission		
For placement		
For advising		
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on the application essay		
No college policy as of now	\square	Ø
Not using essay component	×	

D. I	n addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? yesX_ no
F.	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission: August 23 Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission: N/A If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):
G.	Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):
	SAT
Fre	eshman Profile
enro	vide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students olled in fall 2011, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and lents admitted under special arrangements.
stan (fre read SAT	Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2011 who submitted national indardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year shman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical ling for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert a scores to ACT scores and vice versa. 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.
	Percent submitting SAT scores64 Number submitting SAT scores934_ Percent submitting ACT scores64 Number submitting ACT scores934_
	25th Percentile 75th Percentile

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	420	530
SAT Math	440	550
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	18	23
ACT Math	16	23
ACT English	18	24
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	0.6	0.9	
600-699	8.1	11.8	
500-599	28.5	34.5	
400-499	46.3	46.0	
300-399	16.2	6.5	
200-299	0.3	0.3	
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	1.9	3.1	2.4
24-29	20.9	20.0	29.9
18-23	57.3	44.2	49.1
12-17	19.8	29.1	18.6
6-11	0	3.5	0
Below 6	0.1	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	13.6	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	39.5	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	74.6	Top half + bottom half = 100%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	25.4	, -
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	s 4.7	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students	who submitt	ed high school class rank: 92.0

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	N/A
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	N/A
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	N/A
	100%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: _____% N/A

Admission Policies C13. Application fee

Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$35	⊠ Yes	□ No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	⊠ Yes	□ No
If you have an application fee and an on-line application option Same fee: X Free: Reduced:	on, please in	dicate policy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with fina	ancial need?	Yes
C14. Application closing date		
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall): 1 st day of classes Priority date:	⊠ Yes	□ No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms of	ner than the f	fall? ⊠ Yes □ No
${\bf C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent \it (fill)}$	in one only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date): September 1 By (date): Other:		
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)		
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified there Other: NONE	eafter	
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): 07/15 Amount of housing deposit: (app fee) \$200 Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full Yes, in part X No		
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students ☐ Yes ☐ No	to postpone e	nrollment after admission?
If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 year		
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institutime, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before		
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Init	iated during 2	2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans		
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the rattending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) approximately accepted).	egular notific	ation date and that asks students to commit to
If "yes," please complete the following:		
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date		

	Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date For the Fall 2011 entering class:					
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan						
	Please provid	e significant det	ails about your early decis	sion plan:		
				plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision we to commit to attending your college?	ell	
	☐ Yes] No				
	If "yes," plea	se complete the	following:			
	Early action of Early action i	closing date notification date				
Is yo	our early actio	on plan a "restric	tive" plan under which yo	u limit students from applying to other early plans?		
	☐ Yes ☐	□No	D. TRANSF	ER ADMISSION		
Fall	Applicants	}				
	(If no, please If yes, may to at other colle	e skip to Section transfer students eges/universities	earn advanced standing control of the standing control	☐ No redit by transferring credits earned from course work complete nitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall	ed	
	2011.					
	Men	Applicants 322	Admitted Applicants 301	Enrolled Applicants 209		
	Women	420	413	235		
у Т.	Total*	742	714	444		
* 10	tals are large	than male plus	female because gender wa	as missing for some applicants.		
App	olication for	Admission				
D3.	3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll: ☐ Fall ☐ Winter ☐ Spring ☐ Summer					
D4.	⊠ Yes □	No	ve a minimum number of control of control of credits and the	credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman? unit of measure? 18		
D5.	Indicate all i	tems required of	f transfer students to apply	for admission:		

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript					X
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores					X

Chataman	£ 1 -t- 1'	<u> </u>	T	T	V	
	f good standing				X	
from prior is		nt average is require	ed of transfer applicant	s specify		
(on a 4.0 scale		in average is require	ed of transfer applicant	s, specify		
(on a 4.0 scare). 1 \(\) 11					
D7 . If a minimum (on a 4.0 scal		verage is required of	f transfer applicants, sp	ecify		
D8 . List any other	application requireme	ents specific to trans	fer applicants:			
		_	ill be received in "in p	arngress" courses		
Transier aum	ussion agreement de	claring 2.0 Gr / W	m be received in this	rogress courses		
			idate reply dates for tra k mark in the "Rolling			;
	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rollin Admiss	
Fall					X	
Winter					X	
Spring					X	
Summer					X	
	nours must meet fres		emester credit hours requirements as well.	completed Studen	as with rewel	. than 10
D12. Report the low D for credit	_	any course that may	y be transferred for cred	dit: F transfers,		
D13. Maximum nu Number 66	mber of credits or cou Unit type se		insferred from a two-ye	ear institution:		
D14 . Maximum nu Number N /A		urses that may be tra mester or quarter	ansferred from a four-year	ear institution:		
D15. Minimum nur			ete at your institution to	o earn an associate d	legree: 30 ser	nester
D16. Minimum nur	mber of credits that tr (confirmed angel		ete at your institution to	o earn a bachelor's c	legree: 30 sei	mester
Developments course has be	en repeated, the last	nal courses non-tra grade stands and i	ansferable and not use is used for GPA calcul gree. Associate degre	lations. Maximum	66 hours fro	m

transferable credits. Minimum 30 credit hours must be taken in residence toward bachelor's degree. No deadlines for admissions, but applicants should allow adequate time for advising and registration.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. 3	Special study options: Identify	mose programs avanaer	,	υ,	
	☐ Accelerated program ☐ Cooperative education p ☐ Cross-registration ☑ Distance learning ☑ Double major ☑ Dual enrollment ☑ English as a Second Lap ☐ Exchange student program ☐ External degree program	program I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Honors program ndependent study nternships Liberal arts/career student-designed study abroad Feacher certificati Veekend college	combination major	
гэ т	Other (specify):	DC			
	Has been removed from the Ca Areas in which all or most stu				
	 ✓ Arts/fine arts ✓ Computer literacy ✓ English (including computer languages) ✓ History ✓ Other (describe): 		ematics ophy ces (biological or	physical)	
Libr	ary Collections: The CDS pub	blighong will collect libre	Ja4a a aai	l	
place F1. I	-	F. STUI	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen	nts and degree-seeking und	dergraduates
place F1. l	e. Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit th	F. STUI -year (freshman) degre he following categories:	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen		·
place F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of state	F. STUI -year (freshman) degre he following categories: te (exclude international/	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen	nts and degree-seeking und First-time, first-year (freshman) students	dergraduates Undergraduates
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and d	F. STUI s-year (freshman) degre he following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator)	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen	hts and degree-seeking und First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4%	dergraduates Undergraduates 2.6%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standliens from the numerator and deferent of men who join fratern	F. STUI E-year (freshman) degre the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator)	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3%	dergraduates Undergraduates 2.6% 1.8%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and deferent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join soro	F. STULE-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/denominator) iities orities	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4%	dergraduates Undergraduates 2.6% 1.8% 1.2%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and defercent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join sore Percent who live in college-own	F. STUI E-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator) tities orities orities ned, -operated, or -affilian	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4% 64.7%	dergraduates Undergraduates 2.6% 1.8% 1.2% 35%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and defercent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join sore Percent who live in college-own Percent who live off campus or	F. STUI t-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator) itities orities ned, -operated, or -affiliat commute	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4% 64.7% 35.3%	2.6% 1.8% 1.2% 35% 65%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and depercent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join sore Percent who live in college-own Percent who live off campus or Percent of students age 25 and of	F. STUI t-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator) sities orities ned, -operated, or -affiliant commute older	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4% 64.7% 35.3% 0.6%	2.6% 1.8% 1.2% 35% 65% 17.1%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and defercent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join sore Percent who live in college-own Percent who live off campus or	F. STUI t-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator) ities orities ned, -operated, or -affiliant commute older its	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4% 64.7% 35.3%	2.6% 1.8% 1.2% 35% 65%
F1. I	Percentages of first-time, first enrolled in Fall 2011 who fit the Percent who are from out of standiens from the numerator and depercent of men who join fratern Percent of women who join sore Percent who live in college-own Percent who live off campus or Percent of students age 25 and of Average age of full-time students	F. STUI t-year (freshman) degree the following categories: te (exclude international/ denominator) actives orities aned, -operated, or -affiliant commute older ats l- and part-time)	DENT LIFE e-seeking studen nonresident ted housing	First-time, first-year (freshman) students 1.4% 5.3% 4.4% 64.7% 35.3% 0.6% 18.3	2.6% 1.8% 1.2% 35% 65% 17.1% 20.6

F 3.	Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name):	
	Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name):	
	Air Force ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution (name):	
F4.	Housing: Check all types of college-owned, Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms	-operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates. ☐ Special housing for disabled students ☐ Special housing for international students ☐ Fraternity/sorority housing
	Apartments for married students Apartments for single students	Cooperative housing Theme housing Wellness housing
		G. ANNUAL EXPENSES
	ovide 2011-2012 academic year costs of atte	ndance for the following categories that are applicable to your
\boxtimes		cademic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide as institution's final 2011-2012 academic year costs of attendance will be

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the **FULL 2011-2012** academic year (**30 semester hours** or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
In-district:	4,850	4,850
In-state (out-of-district):		
	4,850	4,850
Out-of-state:	14,240	14,240
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:		
Tuition:	14,240	14,240
REQUIRED FEES:	2,499	2,499
ROOM AND BOARD:	6812	6812
(on-campus)		
ROOM ONLY:	4814	4814
(on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY:	2665	2665

fees):	om and board fee (if your college cannot provide sepa 	rate tuition and r	room and boa
Other:			
Number of credits per term a s	tudent can take for the stated full-time tuition	15 minimum	15 maxim
•	tudent can take for the stated full-time tuition or of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	15 minimum Yes	15 maxim ⊠ No

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	1500	1500	1500
Room only:			
Board only:		2665	
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			7433
Transportation:	2450	2450	2450
Other expenses:	1750	1750	1750

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	162
In-district:	
	162
In-state (out-of-district):	
	475
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	475

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards. **Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2009-2010 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2009-2010 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)
Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below:
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3) _X Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM

cholarships/Grants Federal 15 tate (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.) \$ 5694771 770215	(Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.) \$ 704645
cholarships/Grants dederal tate (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located) institutional: Endowed scholarships, innual gifts and tuition funded grants, warded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are	\$ 5694771 770215	\$ 704645 66780
tate (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located) nstitutional: Endowed scholarships, nnual gifts and tuition funded grants, warded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are	5694771 770215	704645 66780
tate (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located) nstitutional: Endowed scholarships, nnual gifts and tuition funded grants, warded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are	770215	66780
tate (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located) institutional: Endowed scholarships, innual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are	770215	66780
which your institution is located) nstitutional: Endowed scholarships, nnual gifts and tuition funded grants, warded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are		
nnual gifts and tuition funded grants, warded by the college, excluding athletic id and tuition waivers (which are	52611	
· r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6939908
Scholarships/grants from external sources e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not warded by the college		1768499
Total Scholarships/Grants 24	1627597	9479832
elf-Help		
tudent loans from all sources (excluding 16	5622412	28190707
arent loans)		
Gederal Work-Study 69	97963	
tate and other (e.g., institutional) work- udy/employment (Note: Excludes ederal Work-Study captured above.) 66	5780	0
Total Self-Help 17	7387155	28190707
arent Loans 0		9607294
ote: Reporting is optional. Report tuition aivers in this row if you choose to report em. Do not report tuition waivers sewhere.		4020039
thletic Awards 0		+

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2011 cohort)	1307	5191	944
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	1216	4374	586
c)	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	986	3695	516
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	984	3674	491
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	892	3326	437
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help	597	2456	343

	aid			
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based	599	1659	55
	scholarship or grant aid			
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS	294	932	23
	loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were			
	awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess			
	of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC	54%	50%	33%
	(PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any			
	resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized			
	<u>loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>)	\$12348	\$11907	\$8365
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e			
		\$2819	\$3114	\$1997
1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans,			
	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$2628	\$3469	\$3469
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans,			
	and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-			
	based loan	\$2700	\$3611	\$3611

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	194	540	26
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$2350	\$3035	\$673
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	26	112	0
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$4195	\$5068	\$0

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2010 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010.
- only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 59%

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. 58%

H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$21,462

H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$21,162

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Н6.	• Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
	☐ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ☐ Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available ☐ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:
	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
Н7.	. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other:
Pro	ocess for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8.	. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
Н9.	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): X
H10	 0. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b): a.) Students notified on or about (date): b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes If yes, starting date: 04/01

H11. Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date): or within 4 weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
 Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13. Scholarships and Grants
NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):
H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below: Carr Scholarships of \$1000 to \$4500 are available to students ranking in the top 45 percent of their classes and are renewable for four years for those who meet the criteria.

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for fall 2011. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty	Exclude	Include only if
who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the		they teach one or
military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-		more non-clinical
doctoral fellows		credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students,	Exclude	Include if they
librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may		teach one or more
devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have		non-clinical credit
faculty status		courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical	Exclude	Include
credit courses even though they do not have faculty status		
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction	Exclude	Exclude
of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching		
fellow, and the like		
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	272	65	337
b.) Total who are members of minority groups	48	4	52
c.) Total number who are women	117	35	152
d.) Total number who are men	155	30	185
e.) Total nonresident aliens (international)	7	1	8
f.) Total with doctorate, or terminal degree	208	23	231
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	64	47	111
h.) Total whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	5	5
i.) Total whose highest degree is unknown or other	0	0	0
j.) Total in stand-alone graduate or professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	16	7	23

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the fall 2011 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2011 Student to Faculty ratio: __20____ to 1 (based on __5754___ students and __294____ faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the fall 2011 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practica, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in fall 2011. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	Chacigraduate Class Size (provide numbers)							
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	46	167	253	213	61	96	5	841

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	18	42	16	8	1	4	0	89
SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000
	Certificates			Categories to Include
Agriculture			5.4	1
Natural resources/environmental			0.4	3
science			•••	
Architecture				4
Area and ethnic studies				5
Communications/journalism			8.4	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			0.2	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education			1.0	13
Engineering				14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages and literature			0.5	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			3.1	23
Liberal arts/general studies				24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			4.7	26
Mathematics			1.9	27
Military science and technologies				29
Interdisciplinary studies			13.5	30
Parks and recreation			9.6	31
Philosophy and religious studies				38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			0.9	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			8.8	42
Security and protective services			3.0	43
Public administration/ social services			1.0	44
Social sciences			3.0	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			4.0	50
Health professions and related		100	7.0	51
sciences				
Business/marketing			20.4	52
History			3.3	54

Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: Award that normally requires at least 2 but less than 4 years of full-time equivalent college work. Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: Person having origins in any black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin). **Board (charges):** Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level. ***Health services:** Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser. **Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country.

Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with another U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: Program that allows students to take complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends. White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.